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If our friends who favor us with manuscripts and Justrations for publication wish to have rejected ar-icles returned they must in all cases send stamps for that purpose.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1916.

City Employees' "Unions"

THAT which is to be called a "union" of employees of one or another of the city departments will not be the sort of organization to which that term commonly is applied. It cannot be, in the nature of things. The union, in the usual acceptation of the word. is an association of men in a trade, to attain skill in which a long apprenticeship is necessary. The "unions" it is proposed to form in the departments will include, it would seem, men of several trades and of none. It is not possible that such organizations can gain anything for themselves from their employer save through political action. That is what is contemplated, and the city should understand what is in prospect.

The fans turn out even when umbrellas would be appropriate.

#### Submarine Limitations

THIS government, in its statement of the American attitude toward the destruction of armed merchantmen, settles in advance one question that is said to have been distressing the German Foreign Office. It becomes clear that the United States does not insist on the total abandonment of the submarine as a commerce destroyer, but merely that submarines shall conform to the rules laid down for other warships similarly employed.

In other words, they are entitled to no "assumptions." They must exercise the right of visit and search; they must not attack an unresisting vessel, and when a vessel resists, the attacks must cease with the resistance; they must provide for the safety of passengers and crews; they must not conclude, on any variety of circumstantial evidence, that a ship they perceive in the offing has signed its own death warrant.

This ought to be clear enough

When we read of "weddings of interest" we always wish to know who are the prin-

### Motorists May Help Pageant

IT should be a matter of pride with Richmond owners of automobiles to do everything in their power to convey spectators to the Shakespearean pageant at Westhampton. Transportation facilities, as in the earlier stages of the discussion. The Times-Dispatch felt it its duty to point out, are sadly inadequate to the throngs that should attend these

The defect can be cured to a large extent if owners of motor cars will use them diligently. The pageant should be a great community enterprise. So far as is feasible, we ought all to engage in it, at least as part of | and in this goodly ambition the fortunate must aid the less fortunate.

Modern revival of the pageant is a fine thing, and Richmond and Liginia, in their wealth of tradition, offer un mal opportunities to this method of imparting instruction. The community spirit, however, is essential to real success, and motorists should show

Now that Lent is over, we confess that the sackcloth was generally becoming and the ashes most artistically applied.

## Those Sinful Fighting Men.

A CCORDING to a Berlin report, some of those European fighting men have committed another high crime, passing a misdemeanor and approaching treason, if not sacrilege. This time, Austrians and Rus-Sians were guilty alike; it is hard to say which behaved the more beinously. The trouble was they both failed to realize the sanctity of the Little Father, the Emperor of all the Russians, who descended from his throne and paid his soldiers the condescending compliment of visiting the firing line, just like a human being.

An Austro-Hungarian aeroplane came along and, ignoring the inviolability of the anointed, dropped bombs near him. According to reports, the lordly Romanoff was a little hurt, had a narrow escape and "entirely lost his self-possession." His children had not taken care of him, as was their duty; they had sinned and let him be endangered. He couldn't punish the bomb-droppers, because they flew away, but he visited his wrath on his sinful soldiers. General Brussiloff, the dispatch says, was bitterly reproached and General Ivanoff was transferred to another post. The next time the Czar goes anywhere near the fighting line his thoughtless children will know better how to behave.

Judge Tuthill, of Chicago, has judicially determined that Lord Bacon was the author of the plays attributed to Shakespeare. Oh,

### Free Meeting of Chamber

THERE was one striking phase of Wednesday night's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce that has received too little popular attention and popular approbation. This was the fact that the meeting was free absolutely, and resulted in the free expression of members' convictions.

There was no policy previously determined on that the membership was asked to approve. There were no prepared resolutions. Members were not besought to "uphold" anybody or anything. There was before the meeting a matter of large public interest, and as to this those present were asked simply to give their views and register their votes.

unanimity was not to have been expected. The controlling opinion seems to have been however, that even if the Hermitage Golf Club site is not the best place for the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and Atlantic Coast Line station, it is about the only place there is any real chance of getting a station; that Richmond needs a station tremendously, and that, perhaps, there has been talk enough. There is something about the last of these conclusions that does appear reasonable.

If the city government acquiesces in the railroads' present plan, it should certainly carry out the resolutions adopted and require the companies "to sign an agreement, as bineing as possible on the present and future management, to run all passenger trains into the Hermitage station." No reason is apparent why such an engagement cannot be made absolutely binding, and the railroads have agreed in advance to make it.

The time is night when the Lake Mohonk conference will gather to discuss arbitration. If there were nothing to arbitrate, the Mohonkers would meet just the same. They have been at it for a quarter of a century.

### Brandeis as a Prophet

JUST a few years ago, when Louis D. Brandeis appeared before the Interstate Commerce Commission and insisted a considerable share of responsibility for the inadequate returns from American railroads to investors was imputable to the railroads' own inefficiency, one universal howl of derision went up from every trunk-line terminal and division headquarters in the land.

Railroad officials were equally amused and indignant-amused that any mere layman should undertake to teach them their business and indignant over the suggestion that if new economies and efficiencies were feasible, they would not be attempted. Mr. Brandeis obtained small comfort anywhere, for it did not seem reasonable, even to the public, that men intrusted with the control of great properties should have failed to observe, or, having observed, should have neglected, any considerable opportunities of saving money for their shareholders.

But time brings its own revenges and its own reparations. Came the war and a period of !epression and a need for economy no longer academic, but exigent and overwhelming. Railroad men discovered there was something more than a grain of truth what Mr. Brandeis had told them. Economy became a literal watchword. Ruthlessly, the official sword whistled through the air, decapitating favoritism and inefficiency and sweeping waste and graft out of the way.

The accumulated result is shown in thoughtful financial article in the New York Evening Post. It appears from this article that the compiled statements of 472 railroad companies reporting for February "showed increase of \$58,000,000, or 27 per cent, in gross, with an increase of \$27,000,-000, or 56 per cent, in net." And the writer in the Evening Post continues:

the Evening Post continues:

It is evident, from the individual statements, that the remarkable showing in net was due to development of operating efficiency. The New York Central and Union Pacific fairly flustrate what happened in both the East and West, in the case of the road last named, only so per cent of gross went into operating expenses, compared with 74 per cent a year ago. This year New York Central's operating ratio was 67 per cent, against 79 per cent a year age, Yet both companies reported 10 per cent more money spent for upkeep of roadbed and equipment. Further, each road reports large saving in the percentage of gross used to met the cost of "conducting transportation"—the item which, more than any other, reflects efficiency or lack of it.

We learn further that "railroad men are generally counting on high-record gross earnings for months to come, basing that expectation partly on the large amount of business now actually in sight and partly on the higher rates now being received on such freight. As for net, the lessons of economy learned during the past two years are not likely to be forgotten overnight." What is likely to be forgotten-what, indeed, appears already to have been forgotten-is the advice given by Mr. Brandeis. That advice and its justification in fact prove him to be either a good railroad man or an excellent prophet. Perhaps the combined circumstances, mingled with the current opposition to his appointment to the Supreme Bench, also prove that now, as of yore, "a prophet is not without honor save in his own coun-

No wonder Colonel Roosevelt spoke in terms of respectful apprehension of the newly discovered bird that are nuts.

## Upholding American Neutrality

A SSERTIONS made by sympathizers in this country with the Irish revolution now sporadically in progress, that details of the plot, discovered by officers of the Secret Service when they arrested Wolf von Igel and seized his papers, were revealed by this government to the British embassy, are not yet verified. If they are true, however, the administration followed exactly the proper course.

To use the soil of the United States for initiating or supporting armed expeditions against a nation with which the United States is at peace is a crime, punishable by fine and imprisonment under the Federal laws. For this government itself to encourage such activities, or tolerate them, or protect those who engage in them, would be to make itself a party to the offense, which in Von Igel's case it was undertaking to punish.

And another thing. If Von Igel papers reveal the complicity of any persons in conspiracies to violate the neutrality laws, these persons should be apprehended promptly. We do not believe such activities are approved by the great mass of Irish-Americans in this country, but in any event they must be suppressed.

Threats of political opposition will not sway the President. He has proclaimed the neutrality of the United States. To wink at violations of that neutrality would make him false to his duty, false to his official oath and false to his country's interests and honor. It is inconceivable that threats or any considerations whatever could lead him into such

The Governor of Kansas has had a prize pumpkin named for him. This will cost the Governor less than naming a lot of babies for him would cost. And it is healthler to thump a pumpkin than to kiss a miscetlaneous aggregation of offsprings.

Henry Ford has the secret of making gasoline, and at the proper time will give it to the world free. Wonder if he is saving it to turn loose at the Chicago convention when At such a gathering eyen an approach to his name shall be presented?

### SEEN ON THE SIDE

A Remedy for the Blues. When some small sorrow comes along To nail you with its doleful song, "Twill harm you, if you let it. So think of something clse to do. Jump when it sticks its fangs in you. Or else you may regret it; Just grin a while and chin a while. Go roast your kith and kin a while-You'll find you will forget it.

Small sorrows simply love to grow They'll do it if you let them: So take the ones that bother you And choke them till they're black and blue Don't coddle them or pet them, But grin a while and chin a while And sin a wee, small sin a while-I promise you'll forget them.

### The Peasimist Says:

It is difficult to make the father of twins believe that troubles ever come singly.

### Shakespeare Day by Day.

For the self-conscious: "Conceit in weakest bodies strongest works."--Hamlet, iii. 5. For the unlucky:

"One sorrow never comes but brings an heir That may succeed as his inheritor.'

The selfsame sun that shines upon his court

#### --- Pericles, i. 4. For the satisfied:

Hides not his visage from our cottage, but Looks on alike." -Winter's Tale, iv. 4.

### For the defeated politician: ". . . We'll pick crow together."-Comedy of Errors, iii. 1.

Tattlings. often happens that the man who marries in haste never has a chance to get his breath

The human mind is what some men use to Don'ts are good things to remember, but the

do's are the things that get there. It was a wise man who said that, while money is filthy lucre, it all comes out in the wash. Not many of us want the reputation for being

Many of us worry more about our umbrellas and hats than we do of what are promised in the way of crowns and harps in the world to

It may not pay to be good, but it never causes

#### Qualified. "Silas, old Mrs. Gummidge was here to-day to ask me to mix more in politics."

"She has one qualification for the game, Samanthy. The other day while passing her house I saw her straddling the fence.

#### No Value Received.

Barkus-Thingembob married for money." Bitus-His wife didn't get the worth of her

# Hypothetical Query by the Guide.

The Guide of Capitol Square asked Newcomer: 'Ef you wus marr'd an' yer wife wus t' ast yer t' come t' th' winder in th' second story with her ter see which could lean outen th' furdest wit'out fallin' out, would yer ree-gard thet ez a sign ov conf'dence in yer or ez a trick t' see yer lan' on yer head?"

I am not married," replied Newcomer, "But from what you tell me about your wife, I think you should induce her to make the offer for the window on the first floor." "That's what I lowed. An' I didden take th'

#### Oceans of Distrust. Grubbs-De you think Colonel Roosevelt

really found the River of Doubt?

You must not contrast too strongly the hours of courtship with the years of possession .--

Distacti There is no reason that the senseless Temples of God should abound in riches, and the living Temples of the Holy Ghost starve for hunger .--Ethelwold, Bishop of Winchester, when selling the gold and silver vessels of his church during

a great famine. The surest way to hit a woman's heart is to take aim kneeling .- Douglas Jerrold.

The nation is worth fighting for .-- Abraham Lincoln The man who has friends has no friends,

To-Day's Best Hand-Picked Joke.

### "Can you alter that gown to fit me, do you "Certainly not, mademoiselle. That isn't done

any more. You must be altered to fit the One on the Bard. Those ancients were a lucky bunch

In writing foolish rimes.

### Who lived in olden times-They never spent their time for lunch

Chats With Virginia Editors

It's the Urbanna Sentinel that dares to be responsible for the following: "The bachelor may be homeless, but the married man is also home less than he should be." "It is said," remarks the Bristol Herald-Courier, "that Great Britain pays millions to Chicago packers, and so does the American consumer, but he probably gets less for his money."

"Just now," says the Gate City Herald, "the emblem of America is the big round club called the baseball bat. Who cares for war when there is a game on?" Isn't there war at hand when "there is a game on"?

The Norfolk Virginian-Pilot observes: "The news that the price of Bibles is going up isn't causing a lot of people to worry." And yet it is a fact that the Bible continues to be the biggest seller in the book line. Bryan is getting his with delightful regularity these days. But to tell the truth, a suspiction is beginning to dawn on us that the fellow likes it.—Roanoke Times. Any old thing that calls for a front-page position.

They're talking about closing the saloons in Roanoke before the convention. Wonder what effect that will have on the mass-meeting at Houston next month?—Hallfax Gazette. Reduce the number of candidates for position on the list of Hallfax County delegates, perhaps.

Says the Petersburg Index-Appeal: "The new name brain fag' covers a multitude of all-ments; but it is to be observed that for the

most part they are allments of people who use their brains the least." Did you ever hear of a newspaper man dying with "brain fag"?.

"Richmond may have faster ball than the other Virginia towns," says the Lynchburg Advance, "but the capital had to wait a few days longer for it this year than Norfolk." By the way, what kind of baseball has Lynchburg this

## News of Fifty Years Ago

(From the Richmond Dispatch, April 28, 1866.) The quarterly session of the Grand Division, Sons of Temperance, came to an end yesterday. Much important business looking to temperance work in Virginia was transacted.

The Supreme Court of Appeals met yesterday, This is the first assembling of the highest court in Virginia since the war.

W. H. Vernon, charged with feloniously assaulting and shooting and wounding Dr. T. C. Maddox in Broad Street, was arraigned in the Mayor's Court yesterday and was acquitted. Self-defense was his plea.

Dill's old bakery building is being reconstructed under the direction of the Freedmen's Bureau, and is to be made into a schoolhouse for negro children. Nothing will have greater attraction for the average young negro than a bakery building. All of the journeymen printers of Washington city are on a strike for higher pay and shorter work. As a result, there were no Washington papers yesterday. Richmond has already had its deal.

The proposition of United States Senator Wade, of Ohio, to take the city and County of Alexandria back into the District of Columbia has greatly alarmed the people of Alexandria, and the Common Council has appointed a committee to go to Washington and make earnest protest before the Senate committee to whom the matter has been referred.

The dread disease, cholera, is threatening Washington city, and vesterday Mr. Ingersoll, of Illinois, from the House Committee on the District of Columbia, asked for an immediate appropriation of \$250,000 with which to fight the approach of the disease.

Fishing was never better in the James River and other Virginia streams than this spring, and it is a good thing for the people that it is so, Many a breakfast table that otherwise might be seant is thus well supplied.

be scant is thus well supplied.

A new temperance order has sprung up in Virginia and North Carolina, and named Friends of Temperance. It is said that some of the features of the old order of Sons of Temperance do not sit well on the stomachs of Southerners, notably the recent decision of the Grand Division of the United States that negro membership shall be encouraged, and that minor divisions may have a mixed membership. Rev. W. B. Wellons, of Suffolk, editor of the Christian Sun; Rev. George W. Dame, D. D., of Danville, and Rev. R. H. Whitaker, of Raleigh, N. C. are the leaders in the new temperance movement. Councils have been organized in Suffolk, Danville and Charlottesville, in Virginia, and in Raleigh, Greensboro, Henderson and other North Carolina towns.

A few days ago there was a duel in New Or-

the papers from New Orleans.

Vesterday, in the United States Senate, Mr. Summer presented a petition declaring that "Whereas Mr. Dayis Senator from Kentucky said in a discussion of the civil rights bit that if the bill were passed he should be compelled to regard himself as an enemy of the government; and as that bill had passed over the President's veto and is now the law of the land, he is therefore an enemy of the government, and as such should be expelled from the Senate." Mr. Davis laughingly asked that the full petition, with all the signatures, he read which was done, and then, after some facetious comments regarding some of the signatures, Mr. Davis asked that the petition be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, which was done.

### The Voice of the People

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR should not be over 250 words in length, and the name and address of the writer must accompany each communication, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Our friends are asked to write on one side of the paper only, and to inclose stamps if the return of unavailable manuscripts is expected.

## Favors State Architect.

Grubbs—Do you think Colonel Roosevelt really found the River of Doubt?

Stubbs—I don't know as to that, but the Massachusetts Republicans appear to have discovered a whole Lake of Doubt as to the Colonel.

To Suit the Outlook.

"Mandy, are you going to church to-day?" inquired the judge.
"Yes, suh, Ah am gwine dar now."
"Ter de Chuch ob de Eberlastin' Expectashuns."
"No, suh. I didden low ez how youh did. Wen it wus fust put up it were de Chuch ob Eiernal Hope. But wen de pawson didden git his wages he change de naine."

As One Contributor Secs It.
It is said that the Germans no longer call it Verdum. When they refer to it they say Verdam, and if they mean to be emphatic they say Verdam it.

F. B. R

Call-Backs.

You sit upon a form, but you stand upon a ceremony.—Archbishop Whately.

You must not contrast too strongly the hours of, courtship with the years of posyession of the Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir.—It seems to be very hard to get some legislation on enacted which seems to be for the good of all parties; to have any objection offered to such hills is a thing I can't understand.
I had a bill prepared by Attorney-General John Garland Pollard providing that the State ent understanding the propose of public school buildings throughout the State with the understanding that it was fust put up it were de Chuch ob Eiernal Hope. But wen de pawson didden git his wages he change de naine."

As One Contributor Secs It.
It is said that the Germans no longer call it would be a first-class law, and would be a saving to the people of the State of some \$15.500 to \$25,000 per annum.

The bill was introduced in the House and Senate, and passed the Senate: but when it came back to the House, it seems that Mr. Myers, of Richmond, rose and asked for the dismissal of the bill from the calendar, which was done, in the hall of the House of Dr. Kent, of Halifax County, who was one of the patrons.

I had a bill prepared by Attorney-General Loban back with the understand.

I had a bill prepared by Attorney-General took to the

Was one of the patrons.

I have gotten a partial list of the cost to the State in architects' fees for the year of 1914-15 from the superintendent's books, which amount to \$19,845,76, which does not include all of it. I am not criticizing any one, and, of course, do not blame the architects for getting all the legitimate business they can from any source, but there surely is room for a great saving to our people, as I see it.

R. S. BARBOUR.

## Current Editorial Comment

Censorship cial circles in Berlin that the scarcity of trustworthy news in the Germany willainy of the British and the weak indifference of the Americans is one of the delusions by which an intelligent people are persuaded to accept the censorship. Germany would have all the current information that anybody else possesses if its newspapers were at liberty to print it.—New York World.

Pro-German sympathizers are
Pro-Germans again coming to the front with
Again their curious protests against to the Front with telegrams and letters designed to incite anti-Americanistration in dealing with the submarine question. Ever since the war began this element has been exceedingly active whenever a break tion. Ever since the war began this element than been exceedingly active whenever a break seemed threatened with Germany, and the present exhibition differs from the past only in the fact that the critical character of existing conditions renders it more offensive and dangerous. It is safe to say that not one of the protesting letters and telegrams which have gerous. It is safe to say that not one of the protesting letters and telegrams which have been sent to Congressmen would have been dispatched had our note been addressed to Great Britain and not to Germany. In that case, instead of protesting against war, we should have found these same people throwing up their hats and urging Representatives and Schators to support the President.—Baltimore Sup.

North, South, East and West the press of the United States is virtually a unit in approving the President rine issue and in bespeaking for him the country's stanch support in whatever course the developments of the next few days may compel him to take. With a few obscure and ignoble exceptions, there is no tinge of partisan criticism or coolness in the editorial comments which followed the announcement of Mr. Wilson's decision, Repapers in urging and expecting soils are to the nation's lead.

the announcement of Mr. Wilson's decision, Republican papers are as earnest as Domocratic papers in urging and expecting solid allegiance to the nation's leader in this troublous hour. That is the truly American way. Internal politics should end where foreign danger begins. The people knew that the President has labored with tircless devotion and wonderful patience to preserve peace. They still hope that bis efforts to keep neace with honor will succeed. But they know that in any event honor must be upheld, and that the United States must stand unflinching for justice and humanity.—Atlanta Journal.

# I Should Worry

One of the Day's Best Cartoons.



### WASTE PAPER GROWING VALUABLE BY PREDERIC J. HASKIN.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Save your waste paper: It is growing more and more valuable every day. The waste basket heretofore tolerated only as a necessary evil, suddenly assumed an immense importance. It is supplying the money with which to help the poor, to buy supplies for the Red Cross and to pay off the mortgage on the old home. A stack of old magazines is now something to be carefully guarded and mentioned impressively in one's will. For it is a lamentable fact that paper—the mere paper that we have chucked so extravagantly into the waste basket—is fast becoming scarce.

This shortage, which promises to get worse instead of better, suggests many harrowing possibilities. One paper dealer recently predicted that in a few years all magazines will disappear if the situation is not relieved. Newspapers would be confined to one sheet. One waste of abbreviated code would reveluding the first time in its history, the Government Printing Office has had to advertise for bids on its annual paper supply, so that the government has also had occasion to be impressed with the scarcity of paper. At the suggest in the sound of the art of twiting, in which verbs, adverbs and dashes would be considered superfluous and a waste of paper. While this dealer was undoubtedly gifted with a superior imagination, his statement has produced a certain amount of nervousness among some of the large publishing-house which are running just one month ahead on their supply of paper, and paper should be considered superfluous and a waste of paper. While this dealer was undoubtedly gifted with a superior imagination, his statement has produced by the considered superfluous and a waste of paper. While this dealer was undoubtedly gifted with a superior imagination, his statement has produced the supply of paper, and paper should be considered superfluous and a waste of paper. While this dealer was undoubtedly gifted with a superior imagination, his statement has produced to the manufactured every day in the United States. A large part of this is aff

Publishers Decline Manuscripts.

Many publishers are refusing manuscripts solely on account of the lack of paper—a fact that should prove consoling to many authors. One English editor states that the failure of the war to evoke quantities of exceptional literature has its cheerful aspects. "It would be too distressing," he said, "to know that many literary masterpieces were being lost to posnasterpieces were being lost to pos- taking the manufacturers by surprise

phase of the paper shortage apt to to the fact that all business was on prove embarrassing in the future if an uncertain basis. The retailers were something does not occur to relieve the buying only enough to supply their in-We might possibly survive mediate needs with one-page newspapers and a few orders began multiplying and by Oc-small magazines printed on rice paper, toher the boom had struck the indusbut we would doubtless find it exceed-ingly annoving in doing our shopping small reserve supplies of raw ma-to carry certain intimate wearing ap-terials. In the meantime, Norway and

ies demand that the milk be distributed in sealed containers, so the tured paper and paper materials from only other course is to use wood pulp receptacles. These also are unobtainable, and the situation is the same as if there were an embargo on milk. People Can Help Industry.

The people of the nation can greatly

ssist the paper industry by saving all them to the manufacturers. Campaigns are now on foot in the cities all over rag bag or corner rubbish heap may the country for the conservation and make your fortune. collection of rubbish, which is dis-tributed in the paper trade where it is most needed. Thus Detroit has recently provided for the daily gathering of its waste paper to be sent to the of its waste paper to be sent to the Kalamazoo Valley paper mills, which are facing a shortage in raw materials. In New York City the newspapers carried large display advertisements of carried large display advertisements of the plot displayed as headlines. Boys a roofing paper manufacturing concern, on the street called "Extra" vociferouswhich besought the readers to save ly and announced the headlines. An their old rags and sell them to the edition of 35,000 copies was put out for advertiser. The United Hebrew Charl- free distribution in a single day ties Society of New York adopted "A bundle of rags buys a loaf of bread," for their slogan, and conducted a vig-orous campaign for the reinstatement of the old-fashioned rag bag in answer to this advertisement, and the requests of many other paper concerns. The proceeds from the collection of

rags sold by this society are to be used

in caring for the destitute families of

The Old Ladies' Home of Chattanooga, has inaugurated the campaign in that city, collecting rags and trash paper and delivering it to a paper con-The object of the members is to raise the debt on their institution Canada, equally embarrassed by the shortage of raw materials for making paper, is following the lead of the United States. The Canadian Red Cross Toronto distributed 50,000 tacles among the households and business places of the city, requesting the owners to make use of them as containers for waste paper and old rags Once a week the contents of these receptacles are collected by motor trucks, delivered to the paper concerns and the proceeds added to the reserve fund of the organization.

Children Join in Movement.
Cincinnati the school children joined the movement, daily ransack ing the city in search of waste paper, which, incidentally, is conducive to clean streets and neat front lawns. The children have come in contact with the paper shortage themselves, for they

ing price, but this soon ended

terity because there was not enough paper to publish them."

Lack of wrapping paper is another was extremely inactive, no doubt due to carry certain intimate wearing appared over our shoulder and a large roast or beef or veal cutlet under one arm.

Again, the sanitary paper drinking cups, towels and finger bowls recently established in public places by the persistent agitation of the Public Health Service may have to abdicate to the old rusty tin cup.

In New York at present the dairies are having trouble in seuring milk bottles owing to traffic congestion on the railroads. Yet the health authorities demand that the milk be dis-

an embargo on exportation of manufac-

would result.

Under these circumstances, it becomes the duty of every American citizen to conserve his old rags and waste assist the paper industry by saving all paper, to the relief of the paper in-their waste paper and rags and selling dustry and the greater profit to himself. With existing prices, your old

A novel advertising scheme was re-cently devised by the manager of a result, the theater was packed to stand-ing capacity for every performance, although the admission price was higher than usual.

# Stratford-on-Avon.

(For The Times-Dispatch.)
Where sweet the hawthorn blooms when smiles the May On Stratford's plain, to-day the featal ring Awakes to deathless praise the bard

of Spring
Who roamed some time her meadows wide, as gay
As the tuneful lark that o'er him

cheered the day. leath "the greenwood's shade" long listening To Springtime's heart was wood; thence back to sing
His dying song he turned from cares

Breathe soft, ye winds, while Avon's reverent stream
Flows by; the classic haunts of Arden's shade

And daisied fields in song and story proud, Abide, the lingering glories of his dream. Where played his youth, the pile with

tributes laid, He slumbers wrapt in Maytime's

rosy shroud. FRED MYERS.

Shenandoah, Va.